

178b.1 Exercise

Fill in the blank with the correct relative pronoun (ὅς, ἣ, ὃ, *who*, *which*, etc.).

You will need to know the genitive and gender of these nouns: μάντις, νοῦσος, and κῆλον.

μάντις

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|---|-----------|
| 1. I loved the seer <u>whose</u> prophecies helped us. | οὗ |
| 2. He is the seer <u>whom</u> Agamemnon dishonored | ὃν |
| 3. They knew the seer <u>whom</u> Agamenon did not please. | ὃν |
| 4. You saw the seers <u>whose</u> staffs were golden. | ῶν |
| 5. We called for seers <u>who</u> could tell us the future. | οἷ |
| 6. They are the seers <u>for whom</u> we burned sacrifices. | οἷς, οἷσι |

νοῦσος

- | | |
|--|---------|
| 1. He experienced the plague <u>of which</u> impiety is the cause. | ἧς |
| 2. Terrible is the plague <u>which</u> he sent through the camp. | ἣν |
| 3. They contracted the plague <u>for which</u> there is no help. | ἣ |
| 4. Terrible are the plagues <u>which</u> gods sent to mortals. | ἧς |
| 5. You fear plagues <u>of which</u> this is the first symptom | ῶν |
| 6. Gods send many plagues, <u>for which</u> men suffer greatly. | ἧς, ἧσι |

κῆλον

- | | |
|--|-----------|
| 1. The arrows, <u>which</u> struck the mules first, were accurate. | ἧς |
| 2. This arrow, <u>for which</u> I have a sharp arrowhead, was broken. | ὃν |
| 3. The arrow, <u>whose</u> tip is sharp, is deadly. | οὗ |
| 4. I dodged that arrow, <u>which</u> Apollo sent forth. | ὃ |
| 5. We dodged these arrows, <u>which</u> Apollo kept shooting. | ἧς |
| 6. These are the broken arrows, <u>for which</u> I found arrowheads. | οἷς, οἷσι |
| 7. The arrows, <u>whose</u> quiver was covered on both ends, shrieked. | ῶν |