

111.1 Decline the following participles

A: Present active participle: masc. **ἐρεθίζω**, vex, annoy

nom sg.	ἐρεθίζων	nom pl.	ἐρεθίζοντες
gen. sg.	ἐρεθίζοντος	gen. pl.	ἐρεθιζόντων
dat. sg.	ἐρεθίζοντι	dat. pl.	ἐρεθιζόντεσσι (ἐρίζουσι)
acc. sg.	ἐρεθίζοντα	acc. pl.	ἐρεθίζοντας

B. Present active participle: fem. **ἐρεθίζω**, vex, annoy

nom sg.	ἐρεθίζουσα	nom pl.	ἐρεθίζουσαι
gen. sg.	ἐρεθιζούσης	gen. pl.	ἐρεθιζουσάων
dat. sg.	ἐρεθιζούσῃ	dat. pl.	ἐρεθιζούσης (ι)
acc. sg.	ἐρεθίζουσαν	acc. pl.	ἐρεθιζούσας

C. What three forms of the neuter participle of **ἐρεθίζω** differ from those of the masc.

1-2 nom. & acc. sg. **ἐρέθιζον**

3-4 nom. & acc pl. **ἐρεθίζοντα**

D. Will the (2nd) aorist participle of ἄγω (having led) use the same endings as the present participle or of those of the aorist of λύω? How can you tell?

It will use ων, ουσα, ον, as you can tell from the third pr. pt. ἤγαγον. (but with the accent over the ω/ου syllable).

E. Provide the nom. and gen. singular of the future active participles of **ἐρεθίζω**

	MASC	FEM	NEUT
nom. sg.	ἐρεθίσων	ἐρεθίσουσα	ἐρέθισον
gen. sg.	ἐρεθίσοντος	ἐρεθισούσης	ἐρεθίζοντος